

# ***AGRIMAX Training Webinar for End Users***

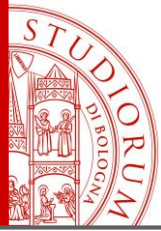
## **Valorization of ferulic acid from wheat bran to obtain bio-based polymers for packaging applications**

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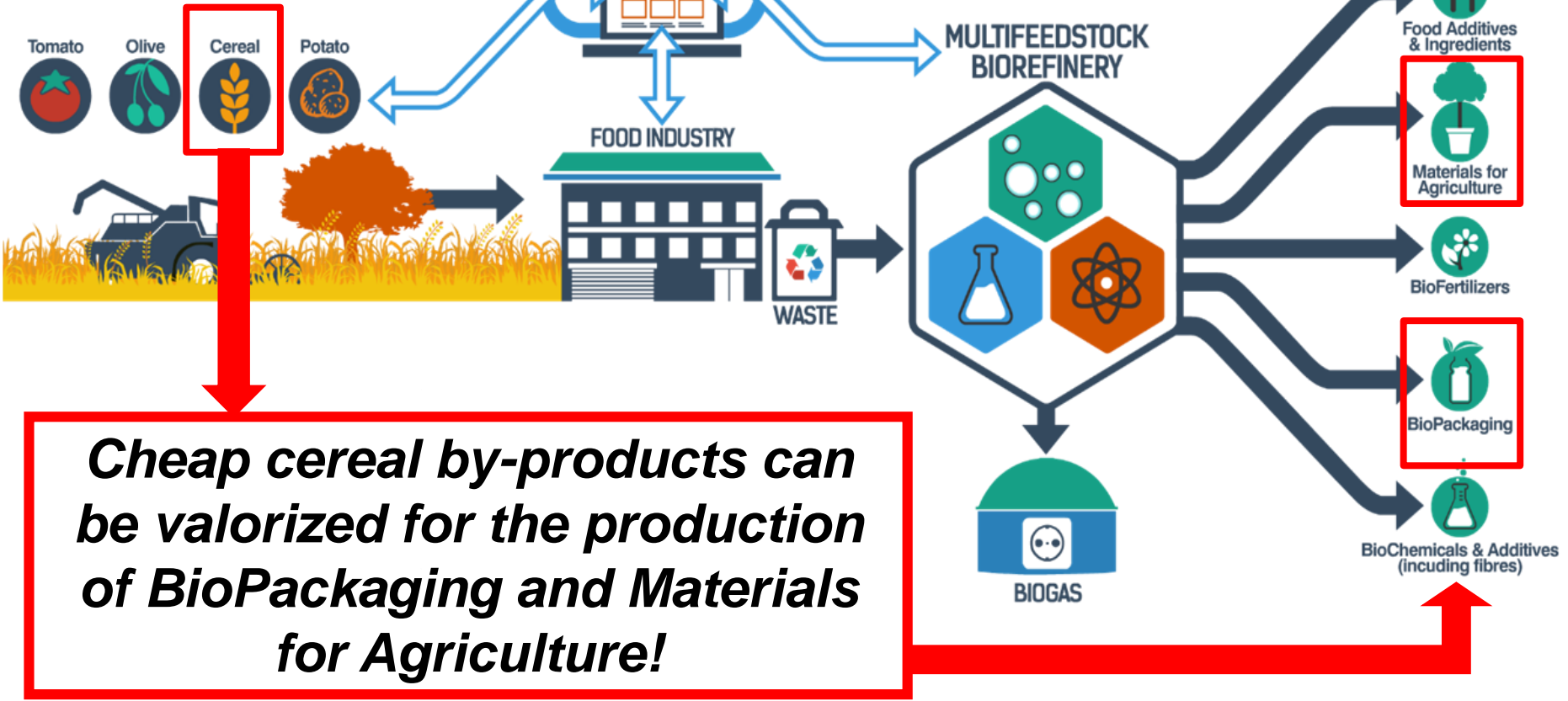
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# The Roadmap!



# The Wheat Grain



## • PERICARP/FRUIT COAT

### Outer pericarp

Beard/Hairs of brush

Epidermis/Beeswing

Hypodermis

### Inner pericarp

Cross cells/Mesocarp

Tube cells/Endocarp

## • SEED COAT

Testa/Seed coat/Spermoderm

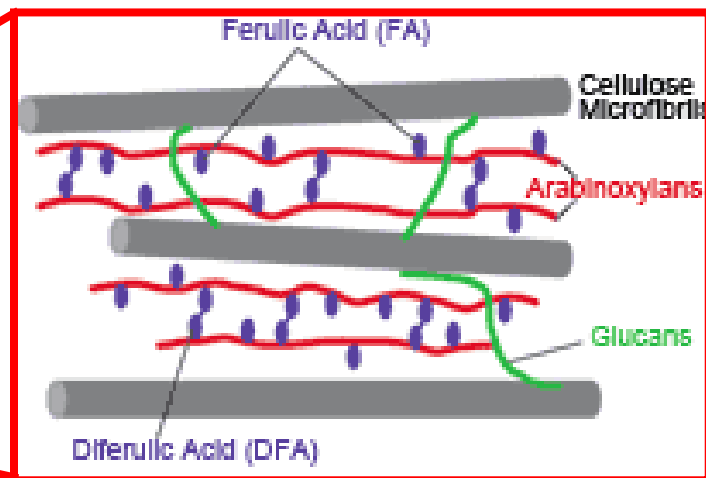
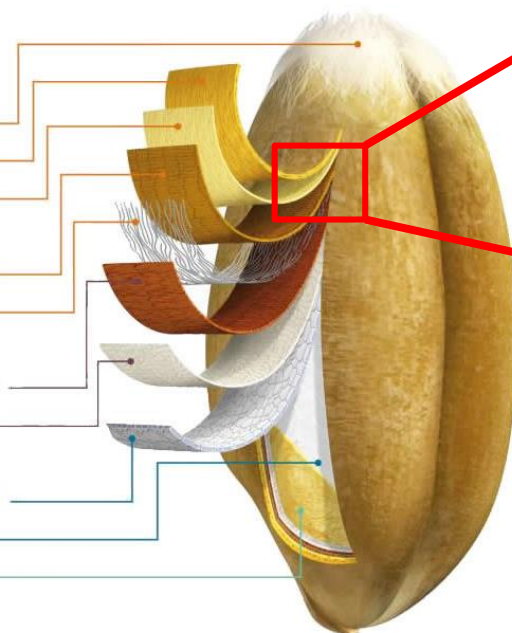
Hyaline layer/Nucellar layer

## • ENDOSPERM

Aleurone cells/Aleurone layer

Starchy endosperm/Flour

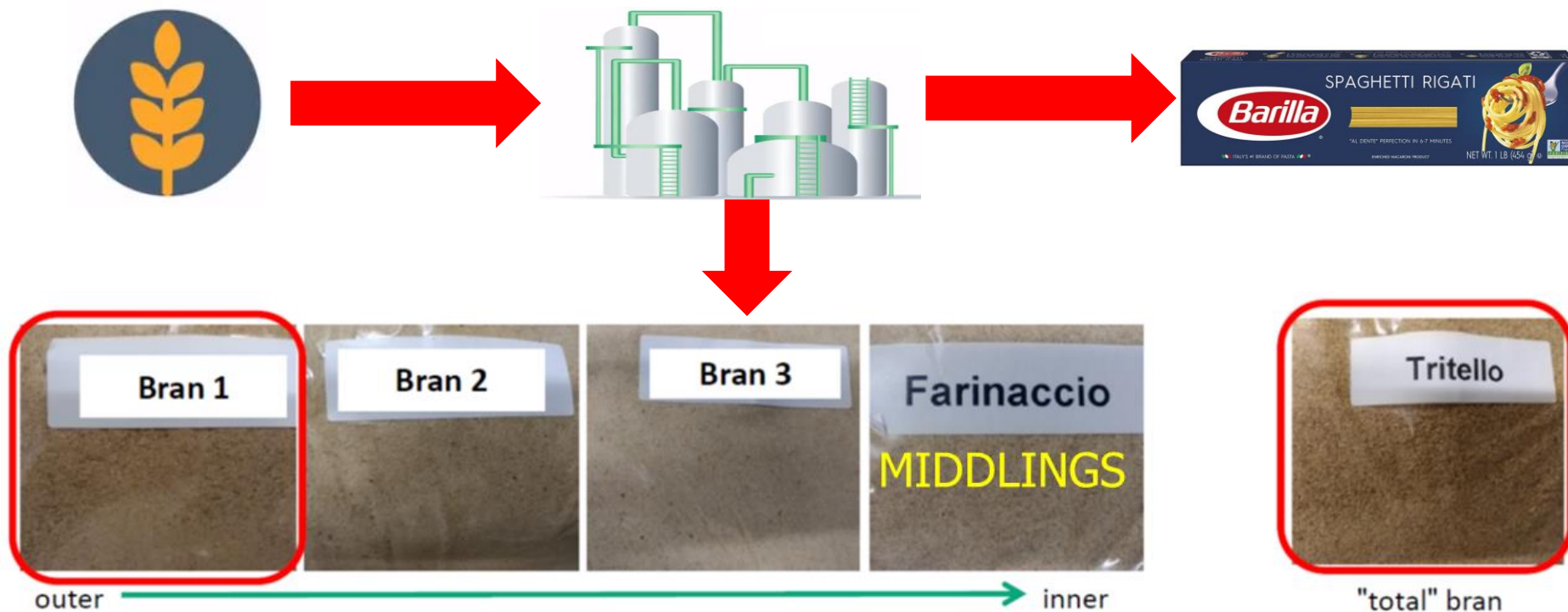
## • GERM/EMBRYO



*Sugars, Peptides,  
Aminoacids, Fibers,  
Polyphenols, Ferulic acid*

Wheat grain has a multi-layered structure:  
sequential **milling** led to different **bran fractions**

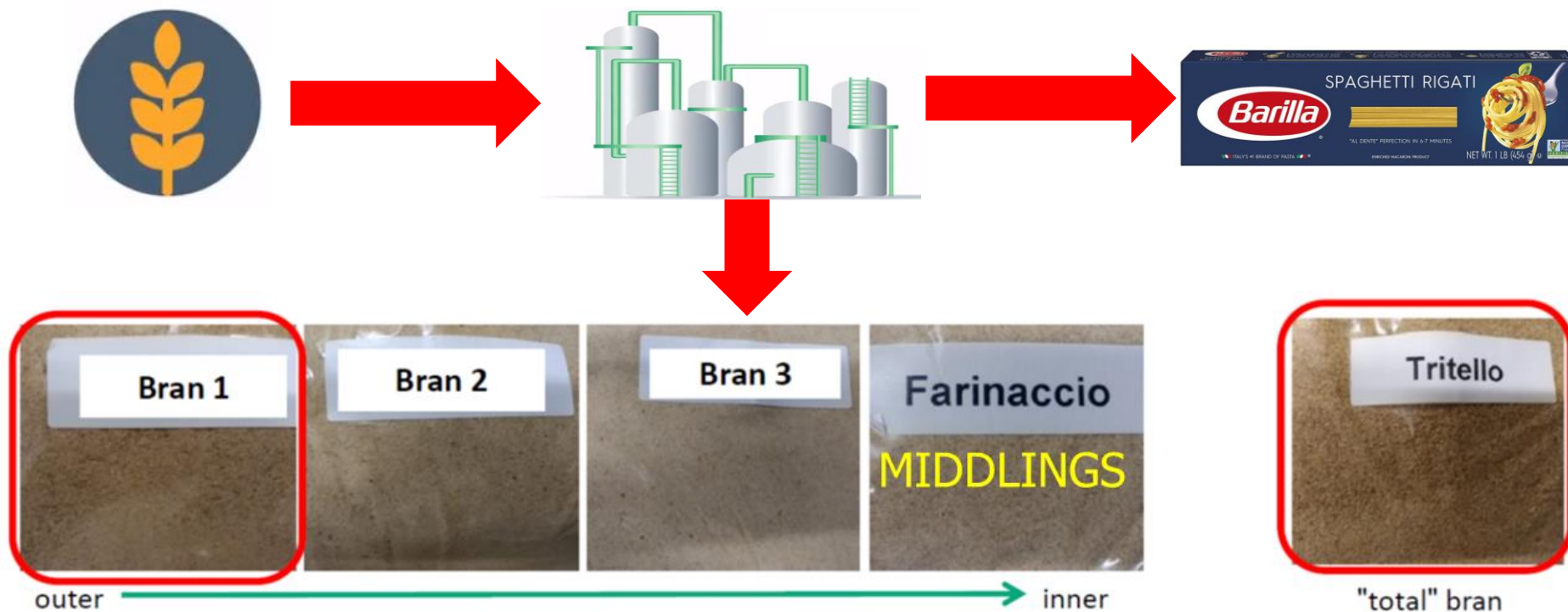
# Wheat Bran



## Barilla SpA – Durum wheat by-product production (Italy)

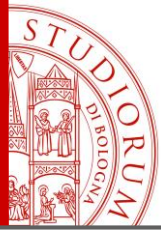
YEAR	2018	2019	2020
Middlings (kt)	103	108	106
Bran (kt)	71	80	86

# Wheat Bran



	Humidity (% w/w)	Ash (% w/w)	Proteins (% w/w)	Fibers (% w/w)	Lipids (% w/w)	Starch (% w/w)
<b>Bran 1</b>	14.8	6.9	12.1	66.9	5	9.1
<b>Bran2</b>	14.7	7.2	15.6	55.1	7	15.1
<b>Bran 3</b>	13.6	6.4	18.8	42.7	8	24.2
<b>Farinaccio</b>	12.9	4.3	17.6	30.8	5	42.2
<b>Tritello</b>	13.9	5.3	16.3	50.3	5	23.1

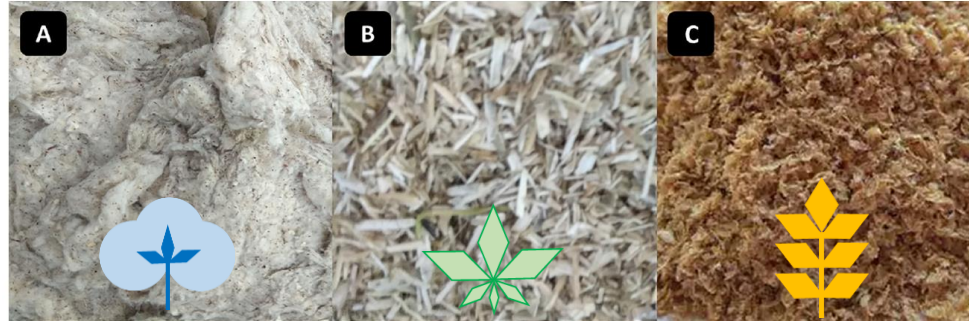




# The strategy!



# Bran and Mycelium-based materials

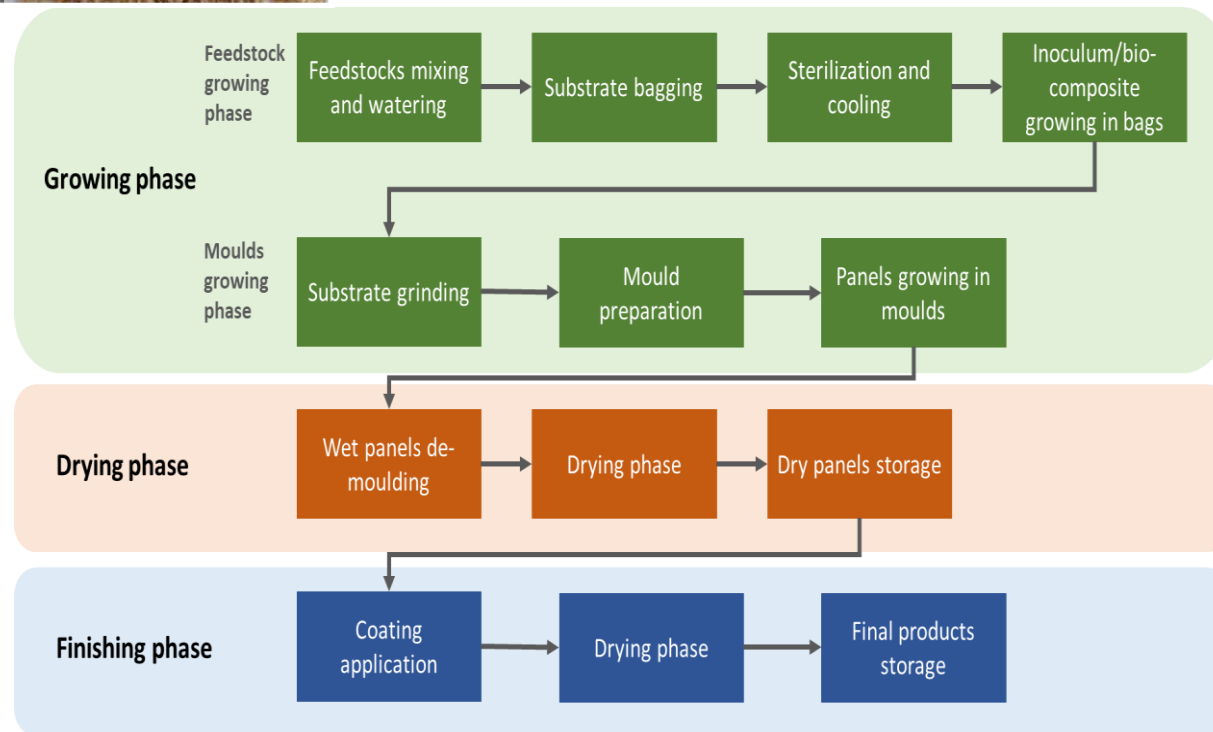


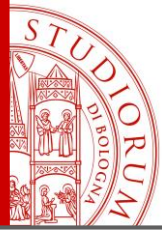
*Developed  
by MOGU*

*Mycelium/Cotton/Bran*

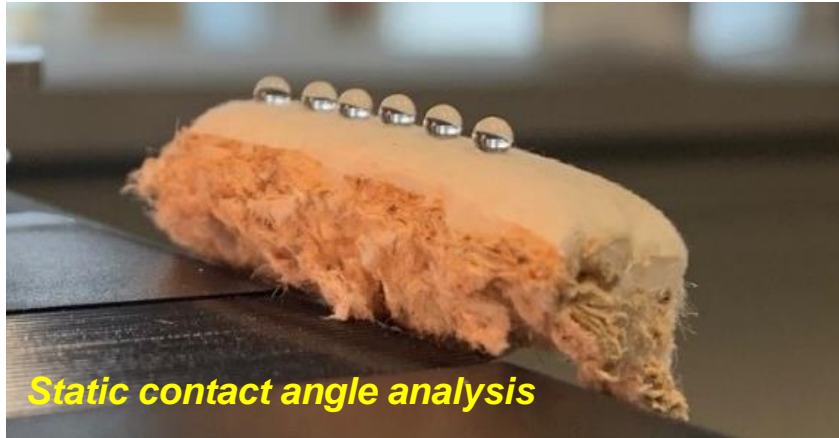


*Mycelium/Hemp/Bran*

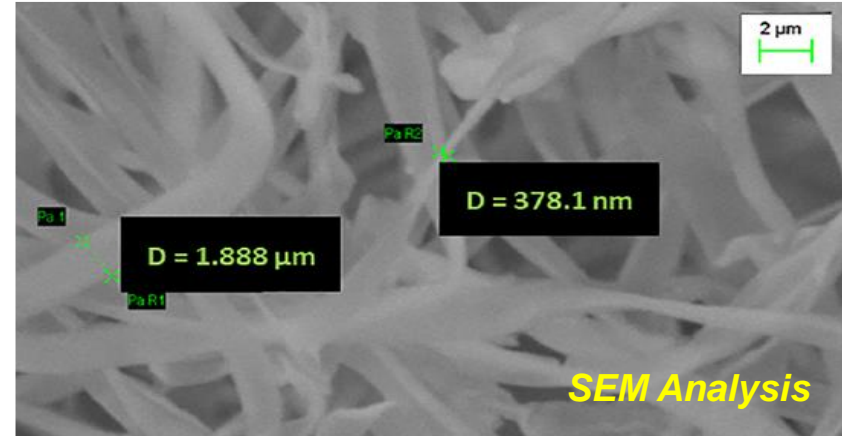




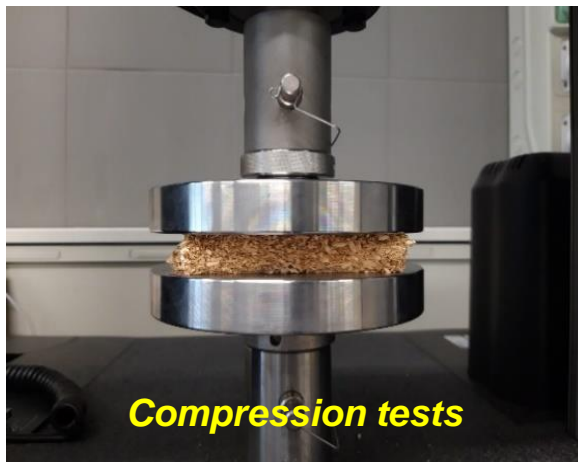
# Bran and Mycelium-based materials



**Static contact angle analysis**



**SEM Analysis**



**Compression tests**

- *Wheat bran is beneficial to the mycelium growth, and to the mechanical properties (10-20%).*
- *The resulting materials are 100% natural and home-compostable*



**Flexural tests**



# The extraction process

Tritello

*Department of Biological, Geological, and  
Environmental Sciences, University of  
Bologna, Italy.*

1) Re-hydration (1:40)  
(thermal/pressure pre-treatment)

2) Extraction technology:  
enzymatic treatment vs alkaine  
hydrolysis

Insoluble  
fibers

Digestate

3) Solid phase adsorption

Sugar and  
Peptides

Ferulic  
acid

# The extraction process

Scale-up of the process...



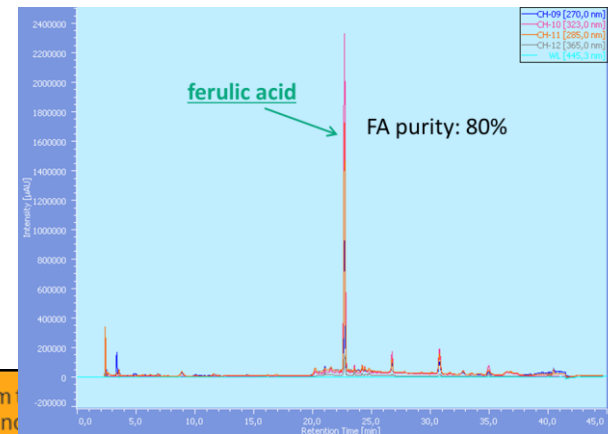
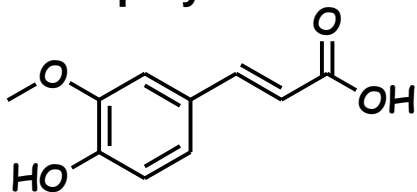
**Pilot scale @ CHIESA: 25Kg**  
Assessment and optimization of the  
reaction condition in industrially  
relevant environment

# The extraction process

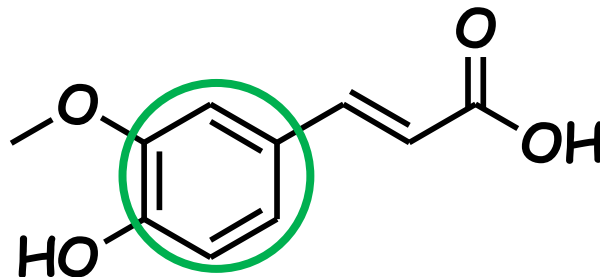
Scale-up of the process...



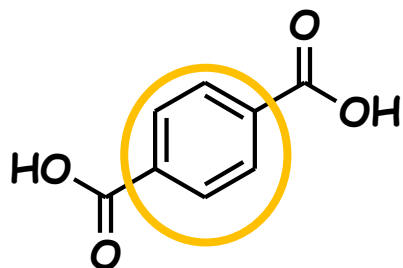
Monitoring the composition of the extracts at each step by HPLC analysis!



# Why Ferulic acid?

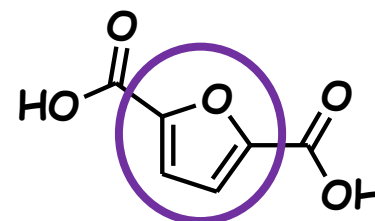


- Biobased
- Derived from waste
- NO competition with food
- May confer additional properties to the materials
- Harmless



**Terephthalic acid**

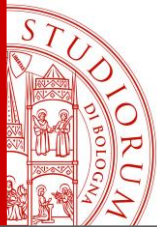
- Main component of PET
- NO biodegradation
- Derived from petrol



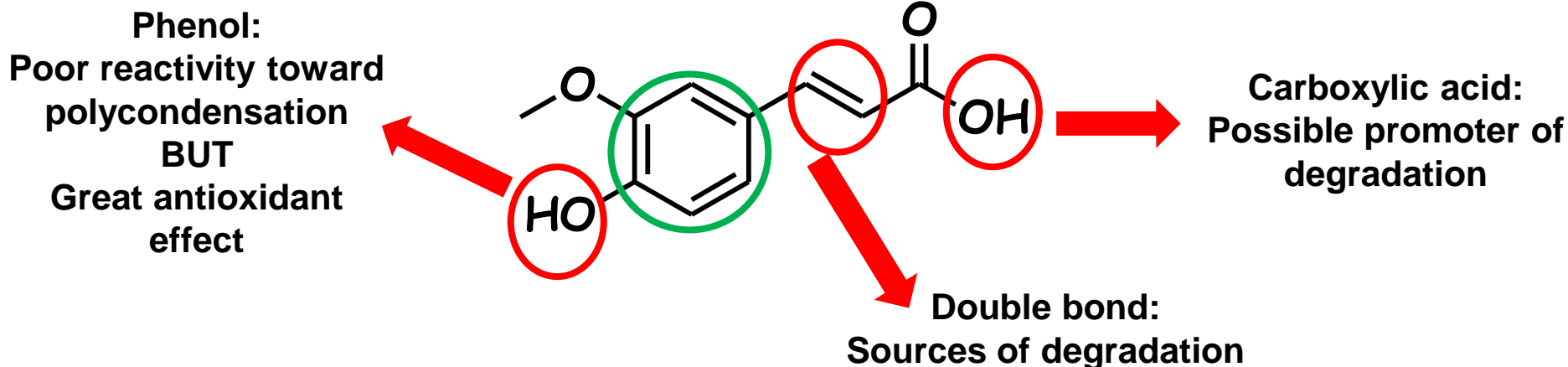
**Furanedicarboxylic acid**

- Best candidate to substitute terephthalic acid
- From carbohydrates (in competition with food)
- Confers high barrier properties



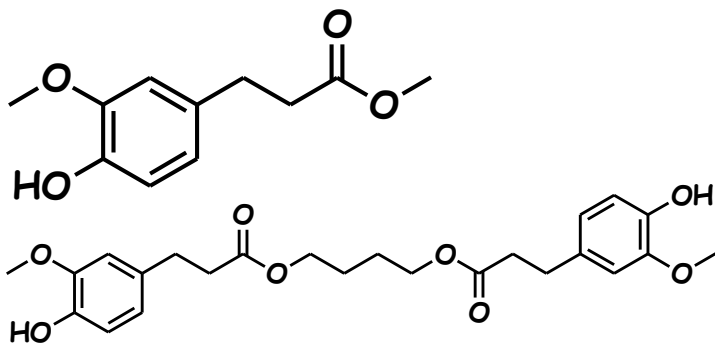


# The chemistry of Ferulic acid

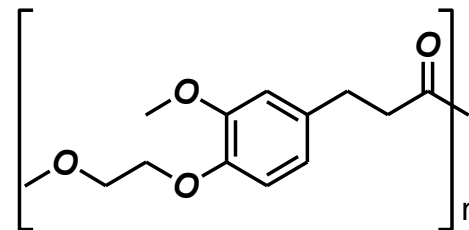


## Chemical modification!

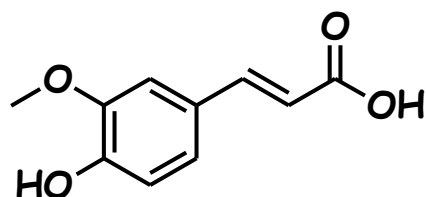
### Additives for plastics



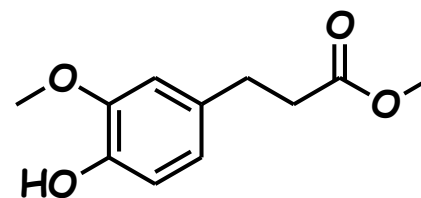
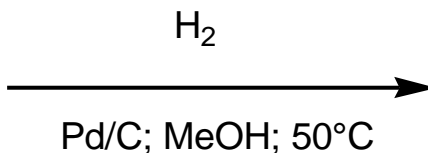
### Polymers



# Additives from ferulic acid

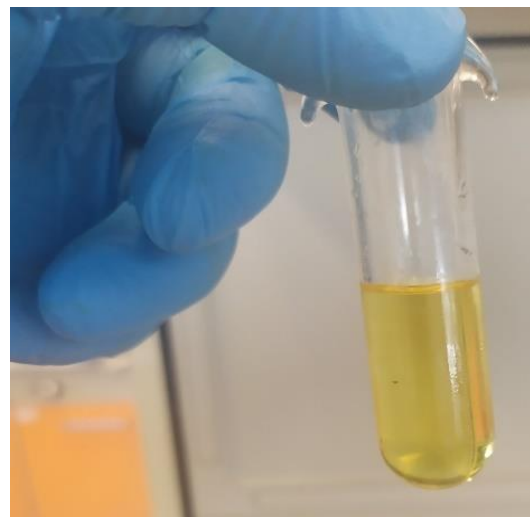


Ferulic Acid



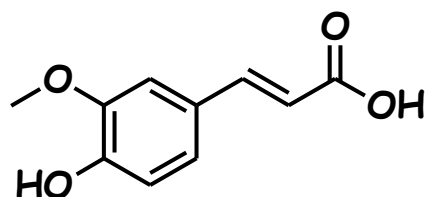
Methyl dihydro ferulate

- Mild conditions
- Recyclable catalyst
- One pot

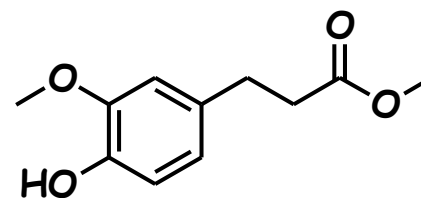
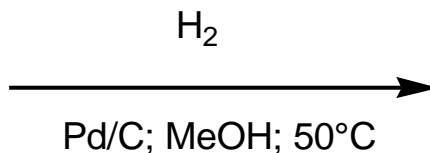


Lab scale 600g

# Additives from ferulic acid

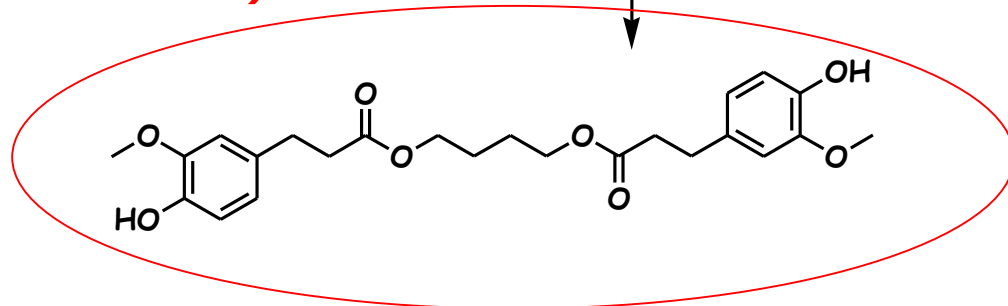
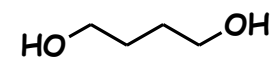


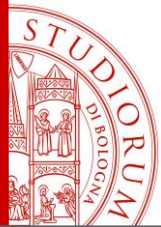
Ferulic Acid



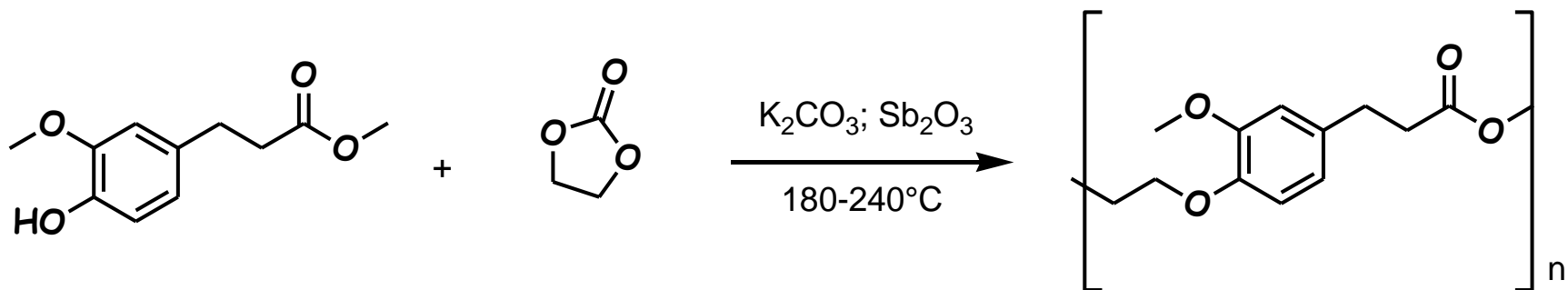
Methyl dihydro ferulate

***Soild additive (easier to handle)***  
***100% Biobased***



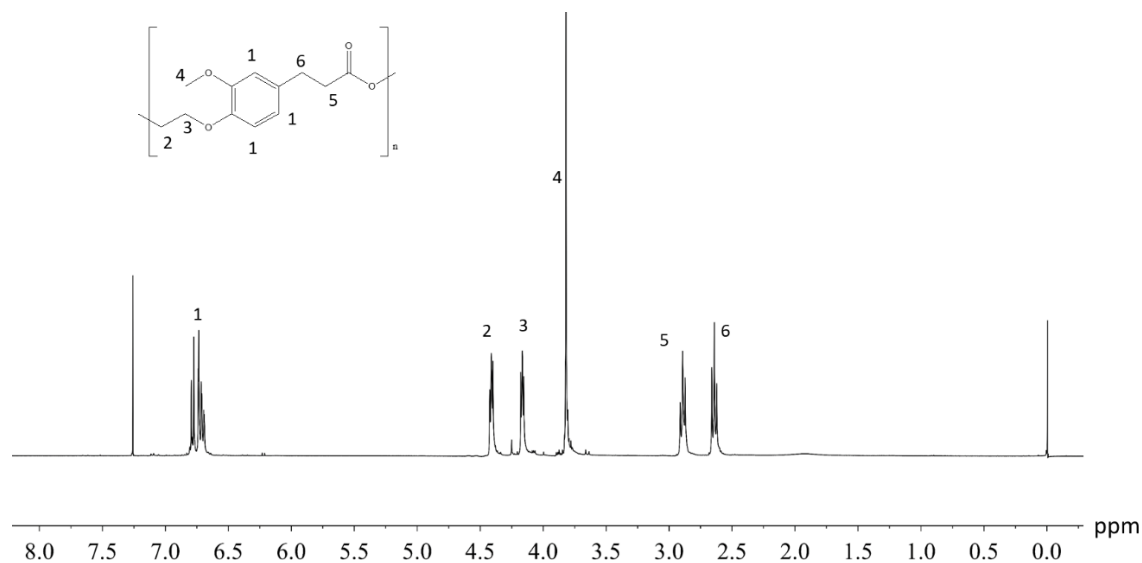


# Polymer from Ferulic Acid

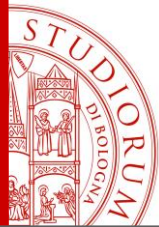


**Poly-dihydro (ethylene ferulate)  
PHEF**

## Structure analysis: NMR Characterization





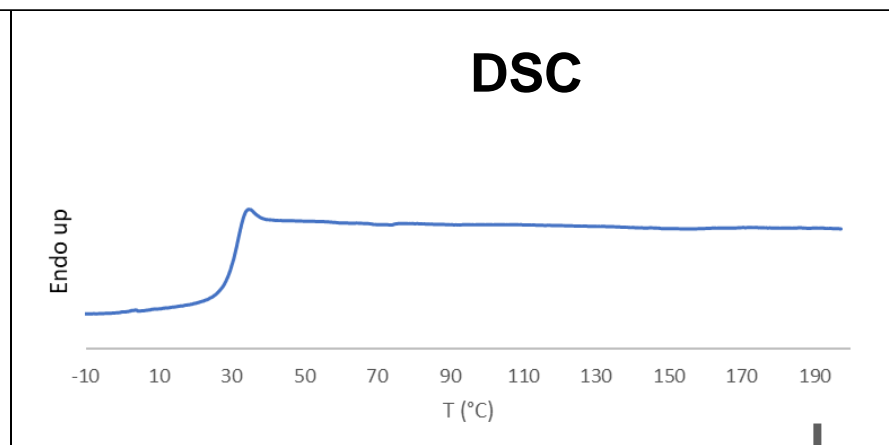
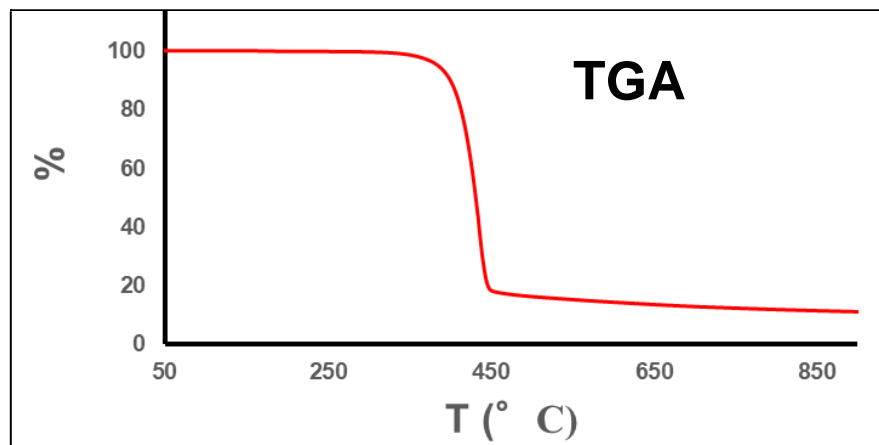


# Polymer from Ferulic Acid



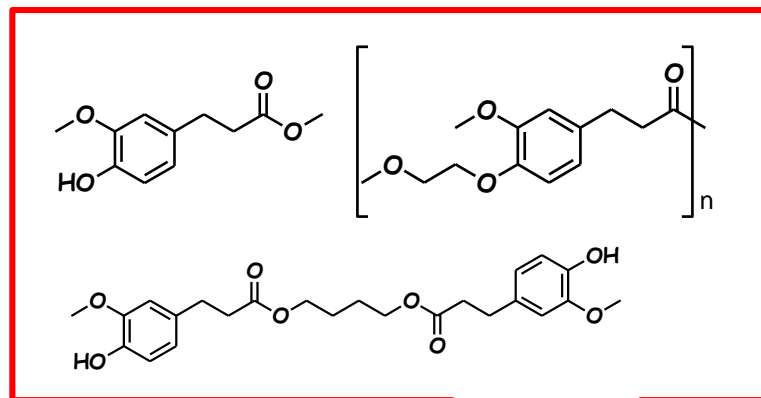
TGA		DSC	GPC	
$T_{\text{onset}}$ (° C)	$T_{\text{max}}$ (° C)	$T_g$ (° C)	Mw (Da)	PDI
398	435	30.4	33000	2.9

## Thermal analysis

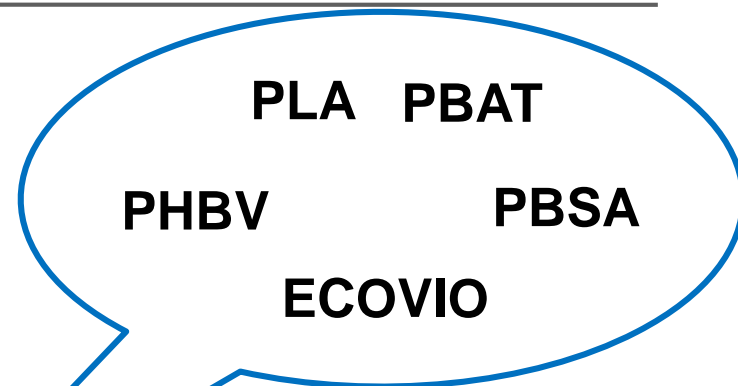




# Formulations and Blends



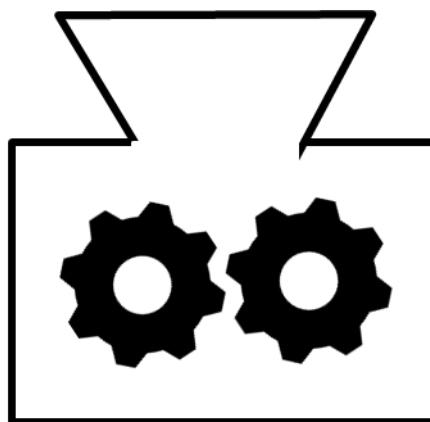
**Ferulic acid  
derivatives**



**Commercial  
Biopolymers**



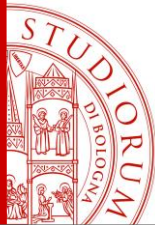
**Materials  
for agriculture**



**Extrusion**



**Active  
Bio packaging**



# Conclusions



## *Take-home messages!*

- 1) **Wheat bran can be converted from by-product to source of useful compounds.**
- 2) **Different strategies can be devised (direct incorporation in mycelium materials or refined to obtain building blocks)**
- 3) **Ferulic acid can be successfully modified into antioxidant additives or even polymers by means of integrated, sustainable strategies**
- 4) **Ferulic derivatives can be exploited to make formulation or blends with biopolymers**

## Thank you for your kind attention!